

North Carolina Libraries

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Biennial Conference Minutes

Beatrice Holbrook, Recording Secretary

First General Session

Ballroom, Sir Walter Hotel November 21, 1957, 8:30–10:00 p.m.

The thirty-second Conference of the North Carolina Library Association was called to order by the President, Olan V. Cook, Thursday evening, November 21, 1957, at 8:30 p.m., in the Ballroom of the Sir Walter Hotel, Raleigh, North Carolina. The Mayor of Raleigh, Mr. W. G. Enloe, made an address of welcome, emphasizing the vital role of books and libraries in the future development and use of North Carolina's "secret weapon," the Research Triangle.

The President introduced the honorary members of the Association who were present: Dr. Susan G. Akers and Miss Georgia H. Faison. He recognized Miss Evelyn Day Mullen, Extension Specialist, Library Services Branch, Department of Health, Education and Welfare, Washington, D.C. He expressed appreciation to the Exhibitors and announced that the exhibit of the New Graphic Society was located in Room 631.

Mrs. Vernelle G. Palmer, announcing the first National Library Week, pointed out the need for emphasizing reading in American life by citing statistics from a recent survey which revealed that half of the adults in this country live within a mile of a public library but that only one-fifth of them visit it. She stated that an A.L.A. committee has been formed and in turn a committee in each state had been appointed to plan the observance. She introduced the Chairman of the North Carolina Library Week Committee, Mrs. Grace T. Rodenbough, the state legislator from Stokes County, who announced the date of the observance, March 16–22, 1958, and the plans for this first concentrated national effort, which is sponsored by the National Book Committee and the American Library Association to promote a wider and wiser use of books. She spoke of the library as “the collective brain of the whole human race and the vital heart of any free society.” She named as members of her committee Governor Hodges, Honorary Chairman, and fourteen leading citizens from the business, civic, and professional fields.

Hoyt Galvin, Chairman of the newly created Committee on Cooperative Library Resources, reported on the achievements of that committee and moved that the North Carolina Library Association approve in principle the plans of the Cooperative Library Resources Committee, and that the Association endorse the actions of the Administrative Board of the University of North Carolina Library and the North Carolina State Library Board to activate plans for expanded union catalog services through a cooperative plan of the State Library and the University Library as outlined in the Report of the Cooperative Resources Committee. The motion, seconded by Charles Adams, was passed unanimously.

The President announced that the meeting of the School and Children’s Section Committee scheduled for 10:00 a.m. had been canceled.

Harlan Brown made announcements about special buses which had been arranged for Friday and about parking restrictions on Fayetteville Street Saturday morning necessitated by preparations for the Christmas parade.

The speaker of the evening, Dr. James L. Godfrey, Dean of the Faculty, the University of North Carolina, was introduced by Mrs. Godfrey. Dr. Godfrey spoke on the subject “The Place of Books in the World of Today and Tomorrow,” with emphasis on their role in providing sources of information for general education. The scarcity of teachers, he said, would necessitate a great deal less teaching and more learning, thus shifting the burden upon the student and moving the library “into the forefront of the educational picture.” In closing, he stated that he was concerned not so much about a more powerful America but a more perceptive America, not so much about a more forceful America but a more persuasive America, not so much about a more dynamic America but a more understanding America. He emphasized the importance of the cultivation of our “most valuable asset, the American Mind.”

[Photograph: Group portrait of outgoing and incoming officers of the North Carolina Library Association, posed indoors against a decorative backdrop featuring abstract figures. Front row, left to right: Nell B. Wright, Beatrice Holbrook, Gladys Johnson, Mae Tucker, Myrl Ebert, Marjorie Hood, Harlan Brown. Back row, left to right: Carlyle Frarey, O. V. Cook, Vernelle Palmer, Elizabeth Hughey, Elaine von Oesen, Marianna Long, Charlesanna Fox, Charles Adams. Photo by Samuel M. Boone.]

Second General Session

Student Union Building, North Carolina State College November 22, 1957, 6:30–8:00 p.m.

The Association dinner was held Friday evening, at 6:30, in the Student Union Building of North Carolina State College. Mr. Cook presided. Father Donald F. Scales, Assistant Librarian, Belmont-Abbey College, gave the invocation, and Chancellor Carey H. Bostian, North Carolina State College, extended a welcome. After the introduction of officers, two honorary members were introduced: Miss Marjorie Beal and Dr. Louis Round Wilson.

Dr. Jerrold Orne, Librarian of the University of North Carolina, introduced the speaker, Mrs. Emilie Jacobson, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Using as her subject "Laughter, Freedom's Secret Weapon," Mrs. Jacobson delightfully entertained her audience with her dramatic presentation of typical jokes of various nationalities. She rated laughter as life's greatest ventilator, letting out the bad air of bigotry and intolerance and letting in the good air of good will and justice.

Third General Session

Ballroom, Sir Walter Hotel November 23, 1957, 9:00–10:30 a.m.

The business of the Association was continued at the third General Session, on Saturday morning, November 23, at 9:00. Mr. Cook presided. He called attention to the error on the front of the printed program. Instead of "Twenty-Second Biennial Conference" it should have been "Thirty-Second Conference." Telegrams were read bearing greetings from the American Library Association and from the Tennessee Library Association.

Names of the new Executive Board members were announced.

The reports of the Committees were accepted as printed in North Carolina Libraries.

Thomas M. Simkins, Jr., called attention to facts concerning the recent banning of fifty-one magazines by the North Carolina Sheriff's Association. He pointed out that condemning by title rather than by issue will not stand if challenged by the courts. He cited the 1957 statute passed by the North Carolina Legislature, which declared that any question about salability may be challenged and decided in court, judged by certain criteria. Since the law is so difficult to interpret and to apply, he expressed the opinion that "the N.C.S.A. needs help from the N.C.L.A." He emphasized the discrimination of banning the paper-back edition of Peyton Place. He made the following motion: (1) that the N.C.L.A. Committee on Intellectual Freedom be asked to examine carefully all available facts concerning the censorship or suppression of so-called "obscene" or "undesirable" publications by local authorities without court action; (2) that the N.C.L.A. Committee on Intellectual Freedom report their findings to the Executive Board; and (3) that, after full discussion of the whole question, the Executive Board recommend to the Association any course of action on the part of the Association that they may deem appropriate. The motion, seconded by Mrs. Constance Martena, was passed.

Mrs. Hallie S. Bacelli received the request for legislative action passed by the School and Children's Section in 1955 and again in 1957 concerning the allotment of librarians and other special teachers in public schools. She made a motion that the Association

reaffirm its approval of the request for appropriations sufficient for one additional teacher for each twenty to be used as librarians, non-teaching principals, guidance counselors, teachers of art, music, physical education and for other special services as determined by the Administrative Unit. Mrs. J. Bruce Eagles seconded the motion. It was passed unanimously.

Invitations for the 1959 Conference had been received, the President said, from the following cities: Goldsboro, Durham, Raleigh, Asheville, and High Point.

Mrs. Lilian B. Buchanan, Chairman, Mrs. Alice L. Hicks, and Thomas M. Simkins, Jr., presented resolutions expressing the appreciation of the Association to those who contributed to the success of the Conference. The resolutions were adopted.

The gavel was presented to the new President, Mrs. Vernelle G. Palmer. After her acceptance speech, Mrs. Palmer declared the thirty-second Conference of the North Carolina Library Association adjourned.

Minutes of the Section Meetings

Catalog Section

Edgar Lynch, Chairman

The Catalog Section has been interested in promoting regional processing centers. Edgar Lynch and Carlyle Frarey participated in the first state meeting on the Public Library Standards in February, 1957. This meeting pointed out the needs and also the desires of libraries for cooperation.

With this in mind, the officers of the Section saw a chance to point out the opportunities in cooperative processing at its biennial meeting on November 21, 1957. The Catalog Section met in the Ballroom of the Hotel Sir Walter with a capacity audience to hear first-hand reports by cataloging specialists.

The chairman presided. Miss Evelyn Day Mullen, Library Extension Specialist of the United States Office of Education, presented the findings of the regional libraries in California and Missouri which have entered into cooperative cataloging projects. Miss Sara Jaffarain, Director of Libraries of the Greensboro City Schools, presented information for school librarians who were interested in formulating plans for cooperative cataloging in their respective systems.

In their informal meeting there was audience participation. After adjournment Miss Mullen and Miss Jaffarain were "bombarded" by individuals for specific information.

New officers of the Catalog Section are: Chairman: Miss Vivian Moose, Woman's College Library of the University of North Carolina, Greensboro; Vice Chairman: Miss Foy Lineberry, North Carolina State College Library, Raleigh; Secretary and Treasurer: Mrs. Elizabeth Crawford, Public Library of Charlotte and Mecklenburg County; Directors: Carlyle Frarey, School of Library Science, University of North Carolina, and Benjamin Smith, North Carolina College, Durham.

College and University Section

Mrs. Lilian Buchanan, Chairman

The College and University Section of the North Carolina Library Association met in the Sir Walter Hotel, Raleigh, on Friday, November 22, 1957, at 10:00 a.m.

Mrs. Lilian Buchanan, Librarian of Western Carolina College, and Chairman of the Section presided. An abbreviated report of the minutes of the last meeting, held in High Point in 1955, was made by the Secretary, Mrs. Spears Hicks.

Mrs. Buchanan presented Dr. Jerrold Orne, Librarian of the Louis R. Wilson Library of the University of North Carolina, who spoke on the North Carolina Union Catalog at the University of North Carolina. He asked Librarians to cooperate in making the Union Catalog an important bibliographic resource in the state, and requested them to send in author-title cards for significant books that should be included.

Mr. William S. Powell of the University of North Carolina Library read a summary of "The North Carolina Survey" made by Dr. Andrew Horn, Librarian of the University of North Carolina. At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Section in March, 1956, Mrs. Buchanan suggested that in view of the interest in the field of local history, the Committee explore the activities of the libraries of the state concerning the conservation and availability of historical source materials. Dr. Andrew Horn, Chairman of the Section, conducted the survey, sending letters and questionnaires throughout the state. A satisfactory response to the questionnaires indicated that a considerable amount of collecting, indexing, and preserving of North Caroliniana was being done. A report of the survey was read by Mr. Powell, who requested librarians to think of methods of making the information contained in the summary of practical value.

Mrs. Buchanan announced a panel discussion on "The Conservation and Utilization of Historical Resources in North Carolina Libraries," and introduced each member of the panel.

Dr. Christopher Crittenden, Director of the State Department of Archives and History, was the first speaker. He emphasized the value of preserving material of local interest, and suggested that libraries consider collecting history and biography in the local field, and advised the encouragement of the collection of primary sources, such as letters, diaries, printed speeches, and photographs. These local materials should be preserved, he stated, and the library is the logical agency to do it. Dr. Crittenden cautioned that in collecting and preserving material on North Carolina, it was not generally advisable for libraries to collect archives—official documents of state, county, or municipal agencies.

Professor Richard Walser of the Department of English, North Carolina State College, spoke on the usefulness of historical resources from the point of view of the author. He indicated the important service that library units could render by collecting books, news items, pamphlets, and other material about local personalities; and cited as examples the Thomas Wolfe collection in the Pack Memorial Library in Asheville, the O. Henry collection in the Greensboro Public Library, and the collection of material on Christian Reid in the Salisbury Public Library. In addition to collecting all available local historical

and biographical material, Mr. Walser thought libraries should have representative collections of North Carolina fiction, history, literature, and art.

Dr. Benjamin E. Powell, Librarian of Duke University, and Chairman of the North Carolina Library Association Committee on the Conservation of Newspaper Resources, spoke in place of Dr. William Hamilton, who was on jury duty and unable to be present. Dr. Powell stated that the Committee had formulated a three-phase program: 1. To make a list, with locations, of all newspapers published in North Carolina prior to 1820; 2. To compile a selective list of newspapers issued between 1820 and 1870; 3. To work toward the preservation of the more significant newspapers published since 1870. The Committee agreed that work on the third phase of the project was the first step.

Questionnaires and letters were sent to all parts of the State in an effort to locate newspapers which were not listed in any available bibliography. From the information received, the Committee compiled an 87-page list of newspapers in the collections of individuals, libraries, offices, etc. The next step, Dr. Powell stated, will be to analyze these returns to see which newspapers should be preserved on microfilm.

Dr. Powell requested librarians to assist in this project by finding out as much as possible about newspapers in their locality, especially those in small newspaper offices, or which have ceased publication.

The Chairman introduced Mr. Paul S. Ballance, Librarian of the Winston-Salem Public Library, who reported on the plan for reviving the North Carolina Index, beginning with the 1955–1957 period and working back to the already published 1946–1949 Index. He announced that the work was progressing satisfactorily and that funds had been secured for the publication of the North Carolina Index 1955–1957, about the middle of 1958.

Mrs. Leola M. Ross of Winston-Salem Teachers College, editor of the North Carolina Index, 1946–1949, which indexed about 16 periodicals, will edit the 1955–1957 Index, which will include about 30 publications.

Miss Elizabeth Walker, Assistant Librarian, East Carolina College, requested the cooperation of all librarians in National Library Week, to be held March 16–22, 1958, sponsored by the National Book Committee in cooperation with the American Library Association.

Mrs. Buchanan called for the report of the Nominating Committee: Mr. Thomas M. Simkins, Chairman; Mrs. Harlan C. Brown, Miss Myrl Ebert, Dr. William R. Pullen, and Dr. Benjamin F. Smith. Mr. Simkins presented the following slate of officers for the Section: Chairman, Mrs. Lilian Buchanan; Vice Chairman and Chairman-elect, Mr. J. P. Waggoner, Assistant Librarian, Duke University Library; Secretary-Treasurer, Mr. I. T. Littleton, Assistant to the Librarian, University of North Carolina Library; Directors, Miss Mary Lou Lucy, University of North Carolina Library, and Mrs. Constance H. Marteen, Librarian, Bennett College. These officers were elected by acclamation.

Mrs. Buchanan expressed the appreciation of the College and University Section of the North Carolina Library Association to all members and guests who had participated in the program and to the Committees which had served the Section in the biennium.

The meeting adjourned.

Mrs. Spears Hicks, Secretary

Junior College Committee

Mrs. Harlan C. Brown, Chairman

At the High Point North Carolina Library Association Conference in October, 1955, the Junior College Section voted to disband because the potential membership of this Section was so small. The group petitioned the Executive Committee of the North Carolina Library Association for re-admission to the College and University Section, with the request that a Junior College Committee should be formed, with Mrs. Harlan C. Brown appointed to act as chairman. This petition was granted. The group also voted to continue to meet informally at each biennial meeting of the Association.

During the Raleigh Conference, the new Junior College Committee met at a luncheon on Friday, November 22, 1957, at the North Carolina State College Union, with twelve people present. Following the luncheon a meeting was held in the State College Library.

At the request of Mrs. Lilian Buchanan, Chairman of the College and University Section, the group elected its chairman for the 1958–1959 biennium. Chosen was Mrs. Mildred S. Councill, Librarian of Mount Olive Junior College.

After a brief business meeting, Mrs. Mildred S. Councill spoke on the “Problems in Organizing a New Junior College Library.” There followed a discussion of questions sent in to the chairman previous to the meeting.

At the end of the session the group visited the libraries of Peace College and St. Mary’s Junior College.

Junior Members Round Table

Elvin Strowd, Chairman

The Junior Members Round Table of the North Carolina Library Association met in Raleigh November 23 during the biennial conference of N.C.L.A. Previous plans had called for a breakfast meeting to precede the business session, but conflicts arose and these plans were cancelled in favor of the business session.

New officers were elected for the next biennium as follows:

- **Chairman:** Virginia Caudle
- **Vice Chairman:** Virginia Harris
- **Secretary-Treasurer:** Vera Melton
- **Director:** Edmund Ramsaur

After the election of officers the members discussed the future role of J.M.R.T. in N.C.L.A.

The consensus was that the Section should work toward the development of some worthwhile project. This was deemed necessary not only for the sake of making a contribution as a section but also to attract new members.

It was recognized that the Section has a peculiar problem in building up its membership, since membership is limited for J.M.R.T., and persons falling within the qualifications

tend to leave the state (with distressing regularity), develop interest in other sections and committee work, or leave the profession entirely.

It is hoped that members of the Section will give full support to their new officers and that the membership will make concrete proposals in terms of J.M.R.T. projects.

Public Libraries Section

Neal Austin, Chairman

Following a joint luncheon on November 22, 1957, with the Trustees Section, the business meeting of the Public Libraries Section was opened by the chairman. After welcoming the group the chairman gave a brief report of the work of the committees. Copies of reports from three of the committees (Audio-Visual, Adult Services and Library Development) were given to all members present.

A resolution was read in which the Audio-Visual Committee recommended to the Executive Board that a seven-member Audio-Visual Committee be appointed by the Section Chairman to replace the present larger Committee. This resolution was passed by the group.

Miss Elaine von Oesen from the State Library reported on plans for National Library Week. She enthusiastically encouraged total participation with local citizen committees selected to work with the State National Library Week Committee.

The slate of officers presented by the Nominating Committee was elected. The new officers are: Chairman, Miss Mae Tucker, Charlotte Public Library; Vice-Chairman, Evelyn Bishop, Johnston County Public Library; Secretary and Treasurer, Jane McDaniel; Directors, Miss Joyce Bruner, Caldwell County Library; and Miss Elizabeth Copeland, Shepherd Memorial Library, Greenville.

Mr. Austin then presented the new chairman who introduced her committee chairmen asking each of them for a statement of tentative plans for the new biennium. Miss Tucker expressed a desire to receive suggestions from the Section before the actual committee work was planned. After a period of buzz discussions of such suggestions, the meeting was adjourned.

School and Children's Section

Lottie Hood, Chairman

The School and Children's Librarians Section of the North Carolina Library Association met on November 22, 1957, in the Ballroom of the Student Union Building at State College in Raleigh, North Carolina for a luncheon. Miss Lottie Hood, Chairman, welcomed the group and presented as special guests Mr. Jesse O. Sanderson, Superintendent of the Raleigh City Schools; Mr. Fred A. Smith, Superintendent of the Wake County Schools; Mrs. Carroll Hawkins, Greensboro Public Library; Mr. Harry M. Arndt, Superintendent of the Catawba County Schools; and Mr. Steve White, President of the North Carolina High School Library Association. After the luncheon, the group

was requested to adjourn to the Theater of the Student Union Building for the program and the business session.

When the group reassembled, Miss Hood presented Miss Cora Paul Bomar, State School Library Adviser, who acted as the moderator for a panel discussion with the theme "Looking Ahead." Miss Bomar presented the panel composed of: Miss Eunice Query, Library Science Department, A.S.T.C., Boone, N.C.; Miss Mary Frances Kennon, Assistant State School Library Adviser, Raleigh, N.C.; Mrs. Carroll Hawkins, Greensboro Public Library and Station WFMY-TV, Greensboro, N.C.; and Mrs. Mary P. Douglas, Library Supervisor of the Raleigh City Schools, Raleigh, N.C.

Miss Bomar opened the program with some general remarks on trends in library service for boys and girls and stressed the continuing importance of the printed word in our daily living and progress. Then each member of the panel contributed information on some phase of new trends in library service for children and young people.

Miss Kennon began the panel's participation with a discussion of the book reviewing project which has been sponsored by the School and Children's Libraries Section of the North Carolina Library Association, the School Librarians of the North Carolina Education Association, and the office of the State School Library Adviser. She reported that the state had been divided into seven regions with centers for book distribution. Approximately four hundred and eighty titles were reviewed last year and opinions of these titles were recorded on review slips sent out with the books from Miss Bomar's office. Other librarians were urged to join the project. To set up means of sharing this information an editorial committee and a ways and means committee have been appointed by the chairman of the project, Miss Lottie Hood. Miss Kennon mentioned the student library associations as good recruitment opportunities. In giving the history of the two organizations, she stated that the N.C.H.S.L.A. had reported more than 1,500 paid members. Included in the projects of the student organizations are the printed constitution; the publication of a handbook and a magazine; and the establishment of scholarship funds.

Mrs. Carroll Hawkins presented the use of TV as a story hour medium. This program is offered thirty minutes a week by WFMY-TV. She gave information concerning the sets which have been used on her program; the means of selecting children to appear on the program; the necessity of clearing stories with the copyright owners; and the types of stories included in her program—a picture story and a fairy tale. Mrs. Hawkins enthusiastically told of her own experiences in presenting the program. She summed up the results of the TV story hour as motivated interest in the library's story hour program; an increase in circulation; better adult understanding of the library services; and a more widespread audience for the story hour.

Miss Eunice Query told about the three-year study of the school library begun by the Southern States Work Conference which held its annual meeting at Daytona Beach in June, 1957. The theme of the first year study was centered in two questions: "What is a good school library program?" and "What does it do for boys and girls?" Miss Query stressed the areas of investigation pursued by her group: 1. Preservice and in-service training for teachers, librarians, and administrators; 2. Identification of existing library situations with descriptions of materials and services of each; 3. Evidences of

effectiveness of library service to boys and girls; and 4. The keeping of a log or diary for part of the time as a tangible evidence of the benefits of library service.

Mrs. Mary P. Douglas presented three new trends on a national level. The first trend dealt with the revision of standards for school libraries. She stressed the fact that the heart of any standards lies in the philosophy of library service and the establishment of a collection to meet pupil and curriculum needs. Next she presented the growing need for undergraduate training, with a major or a minor in Library Science, as a means of meeting the demand for assistant librarians or librarians for schools of a certain size. The last trend concerned the importance of library statistics showing the growth of libraries in number and volumes; the increase of trained librarians; and comparative data on expenditures for library services.

Miss Bomar summed up the panel discussion with remarks on the increase in the number of libraries in our own state and called our attention to National Library Week to be held this spring for the purpose of promoting books and reading on a national level.

Miss Lottie Hood, Chairman, opened the business meeting by requesting the reading of the minutes; they were read and approved.

Under the heading of old business, Mrs. Hallie Bacelli made a motion that we reaffirm our stand, taken at the last conference, on the bill to provide one extra teacher for each 20 teachers as a part of the proposed United Forces legislative program two years hence. The motion was carried.

Miss Gertrude Coward, Chairman of the Bylaws Committee, gave the report on the revised bylaws. She requested that the first reading of the bylaws be omitted since they had been read and discussed and suggestions were made for corrections at the preceding conference. Permission was granted by vote of the members. Miss Coward then pointed out changes in the bylaws and proceeded to read the bylaws article by article for discussion and adoption. Articles I through X were presented in this way and the bylaws were adopted article by article. Mrs. Mary P. Douglas then moved that the bylaws be adopted as read; Miss Mildred Herring seconded the motion; and the members passed the motion. A copy of the bylaws as read has been appended to the minutes of this meeting.

Mrs. Vernelle Palmer, Chairman, made the report of the nominating committee composed of Miss Annabel Thompson and Miss Annie Graham Caldwell. The following slate of officers was presented: Miss Elizabeth Williams, Chairman; Mrs. Vera Melton, Chairman-elect and Vice Chairman; Mrs. Jacksie Cumby, Secretary and Treasurer; Miss Eunice Query and Mrs. Sara Carr, Directors for two years; Mrs. Margaret Farley and Miss Margaret McIntyre, Directors for four years; and Miss Cora Paul Bomar and Miss Lottie Hood, Ex-officio Members. Mrs. Palmer moved that the slate of officers be elected to serve for the next two years; Miss Mildred Herring seconded the motion; the motion was carried.

Miss Lottie Hood presented the gavel to Miss Elizabeth Williams who adjourned the meeting.

Catherine Weir, Secretary

Proposed Bylaws of the School and Children's Libraries Section of the North Carolina Library Association

Article I: Name

The name of this organization shall be the School and Children's Libraries Section of the North Carolina Library Association.

Article II: Objectives

The objectives of this organization shall be (a) to unite in this group North Carolina Library Association members interested in school and children's libraries; (b) to provide an opportunity for discussion of problems, ideas, and practices pertaining to the group; (c) to initiate and encourage studies, projects, and other activities relating to school and children's libraries; and (d) to cooperate with the North Carolina Library Association in fulfilling its objectives.

Article III: Members

Members of the North Carolina Library Association, who state a preference for this Section at the time of payment of Association dues, shall become members.

Article IV: Officers

The officers of this Section shall be a Chairman; a Chairman-Elect, who shall serve as Vice-Chairman; a Secretary-Treasurer; and four Directors.

The Chairman-Elect and the Secretary-Treasurer shall be elected at the regular biennial meetings and shall serve for a two-year term, or until their successors are elected and have assumed their duties. Two Directors shall be elected at each regular biennial meeting and shall serve for a four-year term.

Article V: Executive Committee

1. The Executive Committee shall consist of the Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Secretary-Treasurer, the immediate past Chairman, the four Directors, and the State School Library Adviser as an ex-officio member. The Executive Committee shall have general supervision of the affairs of the Section and shall have the power to act for the Section on administrative business of the Section in the intervals between biennial meetings. Such administrative business shall include only that business which necessarily must be dealt with prior to the regular biennial meeting.

2. A quorum shall consist of five members of the Executive Board.

Article VI: Meetings

1. The regular meeting shall be held as a section meeting of the biennial meeting of the North Carolina Library Association.

2. Special meetings may be called at the direction of the Chairman, the Executive Committee, or upon written request, signed by 15 of the members and delivered to the President for action by the Executive Board of the Association.

3. A quorum for the transaction of the business of this section shall consist of 20 percent of the membership of the Section.

Article VII: Elections

1. The Chairman shall appoint a Committee on Nominations who will present the name of one candidate for each elective office, consent being secured from the nominees. No member of the Executive Board may serve on the Nominating Committee. Any member or members of the Section may present a candidate or candidates for the elective

offices of this Section provided that they notify the Chairman of the Nominating Committee of such action, in writing: (1) that the notification be signed by ten members of this Section, (2) that the consent of the nominee or nominees has been secured and so indicated on the notification.

2. A majority vote of those attending a regular meeting shall constitute election.

Article VIII: Special Duties of Officers

1. The Chairman shall, with the Executive Committee, appoint and define duties for committees as may be necessary to carry on the work of the School and Children's Libraries Section.

2. The Chairman of the School and Children's Libraries Section shall serve as an ex-officio member on all committees with the exception of the Nominating Committee. The Chairman shall also serve as Chairman of the Executive Committee.

3. New committees may be created and old committees discontinued by the Executive Committee provided that such action is not contrary to the wishes of the membership of this Section as expressed at the most recent meeting of the Section.

4. The Chairman-Elect shall be elected to office, and shall assume the responsibilities and perform the duties of the Chairman in the event of absence, death, disability, or resignation of the Chairman. He shall serve as Chairman during the two years following his term as Chairman-Elect.

5. The Secretary-Treasurer shall perform the duties normally accepted for such office.

6. In the event of absence, death, disability, or resignation of the Chairman and Chairman-Elect during the interval between the biennial meetings, the Executive Committee shall fill such vacancy or vacancies by the appointment of a member or members of that committee. Such appointment or appointments shall remain in force until the next regular meeting of the Section.

Article IX: Parliamentary Authority

1. Robert's Rules of Order, latest revision, shall be the governing authority in any matter not specifically covered by these bylaws.

2. Nothing in these bylaws shall conflict with the Constitution and Bylaws of the North Carolina Library Association.

Article X: Amendments

1. These rules may be amended by a two-thirds vote of the members present at a meeting called in accordance with the bylaws of this Section; or by a mail ballot, provided that (a) the request for such action be submitted to the Executive Committee in writing and signed by 15 members of the Section, (b) the total number of returned ballots be not less than 25% of the membership of the Section, (c) two-thirds of the mailed ballots returned shall be in the affirmative.

Special Libraries Committee

Elizabeth Berry, Chairman

The Special Libraries Section voted at the 1955 meeting of the North Carolina Library Association to become a Committee.

At the Special Libraries Committee meeting at the North Carolina Library Association conference on November 22, Dr. Jerrold Orne spoke on the work of special libraries. His address, "Current Problems of the Special Libraries Association and Special Libraries," was heard by about 50 librarians. Miss Alice Lauback, Secretary of the Committee, presided at the meeting.

No officers were elected, as Committee officers are appointed by the Executive Board.

North Carolina Association of Library Trustees

Howard White, Chairman

The minutes of the October, 1955, meeting held in High Point were read and approved.

A report from the Editorial Committee was given by Mrs. W. H. May, Jr. She reviewed news of the Trustee Section which had been published in the seven issues of North Carolina Libraries, with their participation and effort to stimulate interest and progress of libraries over the State, pointing out that all trustees had been contacted by letter, including new trustees from time to time of their appointment during the biennium, inviting and urging them to become members of the Trustee Section of the N.C. Library Association. The dues for membership being \$2.00 with \$.50 of this going to the Trustee Section. An all-time high of 185 members are now enrolled with hopes of attaining an even higher enrollment within the next two years.

Mrs. May emphasized the purpose of Trustees: To study and publicize library programs, to strengthen State Trustee Library organizations and to encourage the development of Library Service in your community and state with enthusiasm and point out the ever-changing library in its services and appeal, through books, films, and records available in local libraries. This is the text of thought from the issue of North Carolina Libraries editions with news of Trustees going out to members who receive these issues with their Trustee membership, along with news of other Library departments in the State.

The report from Mrs. R. M. Ray, Chairman of the Membership Committee, showed that membership was increased more in Group III consisting of Cabarrus, Catawba, Gaston, Iredell, Lincoln, Mecklenburg, Rowan, Stanly and Union Counties. Mrs. Clifford Peeler of Salisbury was membership chairman for this area.

Recognition and congratulations were given these Libraries for their support in membership of the Trustee Section from these areas.

Election of new officers:

- **Chairman:** Mr. Tommie Gaylord, Swan Quarter, North Carolina.
- **Vice-Chairman:** Miss Nena DeBerry, Lilesville, North Carolina.
- **Secretary-Treasurer:** Mrs. James E. Davenport, Mackeys, North Carolina.
- **Directors:** Mrs. F. W. M. White, Halifax, and Mr. H. C. Bradshaw, Durham, North Carolina.

Being unable to attend the meeting, Mr. White read a letter from George Esser on the Manual for Trustees, saying it would be complete and finished in the near future, and that work was now being done to hasten the publication.

It was decided that recommendations for a delegate to the American Association of Library Trustees be made to Mr. Gaylord, the meeting to be held this summer in San Francisco.

A discussion on whether to continue the "Memo" to Trustees showed much was thought of continuing these letters as a valuable aid, as a link between Trustees, communities, and Libraries themselves.

Assigned to the Trustee Section from the North Carolina State Library: Miss Frances Gish, State Library, Raleigh, North Carolina.

A recommendation was made to have an award given to the outstanding Trustee of the year, by Mr. White for the effort and interest shown; as an expression of appreciation from the Trustee Section.

There were thirty-one trustees present.

Elizabeth P. May, Secretary

Trustees and Public Libraries Luncheon

Friday, November 22, 1957, 12:30 p.m. Presiding: A. Howard White, Trustee Section

The largest group ever to attend a joint Trustee and Public Library meeting enjoyed together a luncheon provided by members of the Hillyer Memorial Church. After the meal the chairman introduced Mrs. Grace Rodenbough, Chairman of the National Library Week Committee; Mrs. W. H. May, Jr., Secretary of the Trustees Section; Miss Evelyn Parks, Chairman of the Trustee Committee of the Public Library Section; Miss Marjorie Beal, former director of N.C. Library Commission; Mr. Neal Austin, Chairman of the Public Library Section; Mr. O. V. Cook, President of N.C.L.A.; and the speakers, Mr. John Harden, Chairman of the State Library Board, and Miss Evelyn Day Mullen, Consultant with the government's office of education in its work with the Library Services Act.

Mr. Harden, speaking on library development in the state, pointed out that North Carolina's recent greatly accented interest in creativity had received impetus actually centered around the libraries of the state. With wit and humor he stressed the need for librarians and trustees who represent a cross-section of North Carolina heritage and story material, as well as its culture and intellect, to encourage the total participation of North Carolinians in the use of their talents of expression. Mr. Harden believes that our main goal in library development should consist of encouragement of our citizens to expand their mental horizons through the use of libraries.

The second speaker, Miss Mullen, summarized the progress made in library development by various states due to the stimulus of the Library Services Act. Expansion of the services of State Libraries has been a very large accomplishment in many states. Other state plans include such projects as improvement of reference services, in-service training projects, scholarships, evaluation and improvement of book resources, central cataloging set-ups, and development of regional libraries.

[Photograph: Portrait of six women, the newly elected officers of the North Carolina Library Association, standing together in formal attire. Left to right: Gladys Johnson, Corresponding Secretary; Vernelle G. Palmer, President; Margaret E. Kalp, Second Vice President; Elizabeth H. Hughey, First Vice President; Myrl Ebert, Recording Secretary; and Marjorie Hood, Treasurer.]

Pre-Conference Film Workshop

By Mrs. Louella S. Posey, Panel Moderator

The Audio-Visual Committee of the Public Libraries Section presented a pre-conference Workshop on Film Service in Public Libraries on November 21, 1957, prior to the North Carolina Library Association conference, devoting morning and afternoon sessions to introducing, analyzing and showing the varied resources and uses of films in a community through public library services.

A morning panel session on Film Resources and Systems was introduced by Mrs. Elizabeth Hughey, State Librarian, in a brief summary of the five-year history and progress of the Film Program in North Carolina. Moderator of the panel, Mrs. Lou Posey of Kinston Public, presented panel members who spoke on the various ways and means of gathering information necessary to set up a film service for effective use. Mrs. Dorothy Thomas, librarian of a tri-county unit (Avery, Mitchell and Yancey), in dealing with the needs of librarians to become familiar with sources of information such as the State Handbook, H. W. Wilson Education Guide, etc., observed that "The best source of film information in a community is a well-informed librarian." Mrs. Jeanne Scranton of the Public Library, Charlotte, followed up with emphasis on certain other film resources, and outlined a booking and circulation plan for film circulation. The section on film evaluation, conducted by Miss Charlesanna Fox of Randolph County Library, briefed listeners on principles and methods in critical analyses for films for purchase and use. Helpful outlines and bibliographies were distributed. An explanation of essential equipment and techniques in operating film projectors with precision and ease was given by Kenneth McIntyre, head of the University Audio-Visual Bureau, which was followed by a demonstration, shown by Mrs. Georgia Cox of the High Point Public Film department, whereby further facts about projectors and projection were demonstrated by the films themselves.

The morning session quickly outgrew the planned seating arrangement of a round table conference, and a theatre arrangement of seats for the comfort of the afternoon audience was introduced during luncheon intermission.

At 2:30 p.m. when the Workshop reconvened, the program on Film Use took the form of "role playing" as the most effective means of presenting this part of the subject. Planned by Miss Gladys Johnson, General Services Librarian of the State Library, and Mrs. Dorothy Shue of the Cumberland County Library, Fayetteville, with Miss Johnson in the role of demonstration leader, this session featured a panel of librarians representing (1) the small library with no planned film service by Miss Mary Lee Crouse of Thomasville Public, (2) the medium-sized library participating in the State film booking program by Miss Evelyn Bishop of Johnston County Library, and (3) the large city library with its

own film collection represented by Miss Mae Tucker of Charlotte Public and Mrs. Jeanne Scranton. These librarians were asked questions by the audience playing roles of library patrons with varied problems such as arise in a community among people contacting the library for the use of a film. The situations rehearsed proved amusing as well as enlightening.

Attendance at this Workshop was estimated at 95 persons. Interest seemed to be high, and reports, which have since come in, indicate that the Film Workshop contributed its share to the success of N.C.L.A. 1957.

Committee on Education for Librarianship

Report for the Biennium, 1955–1957

Jean Freeman, Chairman

During the 1955–57 biennium the Committee on Education for Librarianship met on three occasions, once in Chapel Hill and twice in Raleigh. Plans and activities for the biennium were discussed at these meetings and the work of the Committee was developed.

At the Committee's first meeting a discussion was held on some of the problems in libraries and in library schools regarding education for librarianship; and possible activities for the Committee were considered. The problem of getting teachers to use the libraries as a basic part of their instructional work was discussed and as a result of the Committee's second meeting in March 1957 a letter was sent to the Chairman of the School and Children's Section of the North Carolina Library Association suggesting the problem for consideration with the idea that they might like to make recommendations to the State Department of Public Instruction, and offering this Committee's cooperation.

At the second meeting of the Committee further activities were discussed and plans for the last meeting of the Committee to take place on November 21, 1957 in Raleigh were completed. An examination of the curricula in library science offered by the state-supported colleges and the University was planned. Each member is to study these curricula in advance of the meeting in order that he might be familiar with them and have suggestions and questions ready. As the institutions under discussion have representatives on this Committee a worthwhile and accurate examination of the curricula will be possible. Recommendations will be made if anything is discovered in our study which will benefit education for librarianship in North Carolina.

It is recommended, as was done last biennium, that the Committee on Education for Librarianship of the North Carolina Library Association have one person from the previous committee retained so as to preserve the continuity of work; and that one member from each institution offering library science be appointed to the committee.

Remarks on Censorship by Sheriffs

By Thomas M. Simkins, Jr.

At the third general session of the biennial meeting of the N.C.L.A., November 23, 1957.

I asked our President for time on this morning's program in order to call the attention of our Association, briefly, to a few facts which in my opinion ought to be of concern to all of us as librarians. Many of you have read in the newspapers, as I have, accounts of how the sheriffs of certain North Carolina counties have recently started campaigns to ban a number of magazines and other publications from the newsstands. These developments have occurred so recently that there was not time to take the matter up with our Committee on Intellectual Freedom before this meeting.

Now, please do not go into a state of alarm, or think that I have come here to wave a flag or make an emotional speech on the dreaded subject of censorship. That is not my intention. All I wish to do is to present to you certain facts which I believe you will find interesting. In my opinion the facts are just that—interesting, but not alarming.

On November 17, 1957, the Durham Morning Herald carried the following editorial, under the title "Censorship-by-Sheriff for Durham County":

The Sheriff is trying to banish from Durham County a list of magazines which somebody considers objectionable. This list somehow got the approval of the N.C. Sheriffs' Association, and was distributed by the Association to all sheriffs as a guide in enforcing the so-called obscenity statute which the 1957 General Assembly was induced to pass. Most of the Sheriffs have made it plain that they want to have nothing to do with the complex issue of censorship, but Durham County's sheriff has adopted, and apparently with relish, the role of censor.

Here we have the suppression of a magazine with no knowledge of what it contains. The Sheriffs' list condemns magazines by title, not by individual issues. Issues yet unpublished ... are to be suppressed ... and all of this is to be done not by legal action against the publications but by pressure upon the distributor. To anyone who knows anything about judicial precedents in the field of censorship, it is obvious that this action, if challenged in the courts, won't stand up.

The tendency of censorship is to add to the list of banned publications. The Sheriff ... has made the acquaintance of the novel, 'Peyton Place,' and he doesn't think it's the sort of book Durham people ought to read. The logic of the censor will not allow him to stop there. He will have to go on to other books.

Censorship-by-sheriff ... creates more ills than it cures. And if we are to have censorship-by-sheriff let it be according to law. Most of us would prefer to have the courts make decisions in these matters rather than the sheriffs.

Perhaps this is a small thing and nothing to get excited about. Perhaps it is not a small thing. We can't say at present. But our duty as librarians may well be to watch just such small things. Small things have a way of getting out of hand. Look at the atom. We used to think the atom was a small thing.

Let me describe briefly the 1957 "obscenity statute" to which the editor referred. I wish to emphasize particularly the fact that this statute is not by any means a statute to disturb even the most ardent opponents of censorship. The General Assembly was careful to avoid making the statute sweeping or oppressive in its effect. The law provides several safeguards against condemning any suspect matter that is in fact not

obscene. Provision is made for admitting evidence on at least five important points whenever there is a prosecution involving allegedly obscene publications; and of course the use of the word "prosecution" shows that the General Assembly meant prosecution in the courts:

- (1) The character of the audience for which the material was designed or to which it was directed;
- (2) What the predominant appeal of the material would be for ordinary adults or a special audience, and what effect, if any, it would probably have on the behavior of such people;
- (3) Artistic, literary, scientific, educational or other merits of the material;
- (4) The degree of public acceptance of the material throughout the United States;
- (5) Appeal to prurient interest, or absence thereof, in advertising or to the promotion of the material. Expert testimony and testimony of the author, creator or publisher relating to factors entering into the determination of the issue of obscenity shall be admissible.

I repeat that these provisions are fair and reasonable enough, and the "obscenity statute" need not cause us any alarm, if only prosecutions on grounds of obscenity are conducted in the courts and the matter is not left to the somewhat haphazard efforts of sheriffs to enforce their own local bans.

Sheriffs in several counties of North Carolina have recently been engaging in such book-banning activities as have been described. I have cited the case of Durham County because I have most information about that case, but I have read of similar clean-up campaigns in other counties also: Buncombe and Edgecombe Counties, I believe, provide other instances.

The North Carolina Sheriffs' Association has distributed the list of objectionable publications (compiled anonymously, I think) to serve as a guide to sheriffs. There are, as I recall, fifty-one titles on this list, including Playboy and Bat Man. I remind you that according to the editor of the Durham Morning Herald most of the sheriffs of North Carolina have "make it plain that they want to have nothing to do with the complex issue of censorship." But several sheriffs, at least, do not feel that way about it.

Perhaps the North Carolina Sheriffs' Association, the "N.C.S.A.," would appreciate some help from the N.C.L.A. in all this business. The sheriffs are really on the spot. On the one hand, they have their sworn duty to uphold and enforce the law. On the other hand, the "obscenity statute" is extremely difficult to interpret and apply. We ought to sympathize with the sheriffs. Theirs is no small problem. In order to know what they are doing, they need to know as much about law as the Supreme Court Justices themselves, and to read many heavy volumes of case reports. The whole issue is clouded in obscurity and beset with pitfalls for the conscientious sheriff. The wording of the 1957 statute is frequently vague. There are loopholes in it. Lawyers, judges, and professors of law have wrangled since 1868 (at least) in a vain effort to define "obscenity" satisfactorily. One lawyer, in a state of depression, said in effect, "What we need to clear all this up is someone who will give direct, positive testimony that a certain book—any book—is obscene and has a tendency to corrupt morals, 'because that is the book which corrupted me!'" But no such witness has been forthcoming, and so the

argument has been merely one man's opinion against another's, with no provable facts. Maybe this problem could be solved by one of us, who might speak as a librarian and therefore something of an expert on books, and might say, "The book by which I was corrupted was—so-and-so."

Until this happens, we should not be surprised to find sheriffs and others seizing the first "list of objectionable titles" that come along, and using that list in their work of upholding the law, because somebody has taken the trouble to draw up a list and "they say" these titles are undesirable.

Nor should we be surprised to find individual sheriffs quietly adding a few titles to the list—books as well as periodicals—on their own authority. This is the way the paper-back edition of *Peyton Place*, by Grace Metalious, got on the black list in Durham. Incidentally, it is interesting to note that in Durham County one may still purchase the hard-cover edition of *Peyton Place* without a qualm, since it is only the paper-back edition that has incurred the sheriff's displeasure. (This could be called unfair discrimination against one publisher and favoritism toward another.)

I have a copy of *Peyton Place*, the paper-back edition, here with me, and I should like to read you several selected passages; but time is limited, and so I must content myself with quoting only one short passage. In the book it comes just after a conversation between the two Page sisters, in which these delightful ladies use some words which are not exactly ladylike. The author then says:

The two sisters bit off these words as crisply as if they had been chewing celery, and the fact that these same words in print would have been an occasion for book banning and of shocked consultation with the church did not bother them at all, for they had the excuse of righteous indignation on their side.

Thus the author appears to have anticipated the sheriff's action.

There is no need for me to conclude with a lot of high-flown language about the devotion of librarians to the cause of freedom, or to quote from the "Library Bill of Rights" and other such things. We believe in these things already, and I have not been speaking to you on so lofty a level. My purpose, as I have said, was rather to draw your attention to some facts on the local level about which I think we should be concerned. I do not think we are confronting a grave crisis, but I do think we should always keep our guard up and be watchful of small developments when they are in the direction of something that we do not stand for.

What should we do, as an Association? I don't know whether we should do anything or not, but I suggest that there should be an investigation of the facts, and then, if action is necessary, the proper people in the N.C.L.A. can recommend whatever action seems appropriate. If no action seems to be the best policy—and of course this little tempest could very well blow over—then they can simply say so.

Mr. President, I should like to put my suggestions in the form of a motion, as follows:

I move—

First, That the North Carolina Library Association Committee on Intellectual Freedom be asked to examine carefully all available facts concerning the censorship or suppression

of co-called "obscene" or "undesirable" publications by local authorities without court action;

Secondly, That the N.C.L.A. Committee on Intellectual Freedom report their findings to the Executive Board; and

Thirdly, That after full discussion of the whole question the Executive Board recommend to the Association any action on the part of the Association that they deem appropriate.

Problems in Organizing a New Junior College Library

By Mrs. Mildred S. Council

Address before the Junior College Committee, North Carolina Library Association, November 22, 1957.

When Mount Olive Junior College began operation in the fall of 1954 a librarian was not employed and one of the faculty members arranged on the shelves of the reading room a few books that had been donated to the college. During the year a book drive was conducted to obtain books for the library. The general public interpreted this to mean a quantity of books disregarding quality. Many attics were cleaned out and the books poured in, but very few of them were on any approved list of junior college libraries.

In the fall of 1955 I accepted the place as librarian of the college and spent most of the first year checking the hundreds of books that were in boxes, on tables, and in corners to determine whether or not they would be acceptable when the library was checked for accreditation. Mrs. Helen Brown, librarian, St. Mary's Junior College, Raleigh, North Carolina, helped with this several times during 1955-56.

After checking and re-checking the entire collection Dr. Susan Grey Akers, Dean Emeritus, Library School, University of North Carolina, was asked to go through the books that had been retained to determine the justification of the retention of each title. Dr. Akers came to the campus several times during the year 1956-57 and helped set up a policy for cataloging. A decision had to be made as to whether to use Cutter numbers or not and this was decided against since most of the junior colleges that had been questioned used them. As the cataloging progressed many decisions had to be made, for the aim was to keep the catalog as consistent as possible. A subject file was begun, as in doing this it was figured that much time would be saved later when a new edition of Sear's Subject Headings was published with many of the subjects previously used deleted.

As more books were ready for circulation the problem of shelving presented itself. There were a few built-in shelves in the reading room, but these were not adequate. A door was cut through to an adjoining room making it possible for this room to be used for a stack room and enough space for three reading tables. Much time was spent determining the type shelves to be purchased, and after much study Remington Rand steel shelving was decided upon and the shelves were placed in such a way that more could be added when the need was evident.

As the books that were given were gradually catalogued a drive was conducted by the college to obtain money for books that related directly to the particular curriculum of the college. It was suggested that five dollars (\$5.00) would be asked as a minimum from each donor, and the name of the person was placed on a book plate in the front of a book. This brought unusual response and from this list of donors a card record has been set up in the hopes that these names will evolve into a Friends of the Library organization.

Mr. J. C. Moyer of Snow Hill has established an endowment for the library that is sufficient to net five hundred dollars (\$500.00) per year and the library is named Moyer Memorial Library in his honor. This amount is a great help, but not sufficient to assure the money needed for a new and growing library. The fact that more library funds were needed, the Rotary Club has taken the library on as their project, and last year the club sponsored a movie the proceeds of which were given to the college library and other plans are being made to raise money for this cause in 1958.

In a new college it is especially essential that the librarian work with the members of the faculty by encouraging them to keep up with the new publications in their field of work, so they can suggest new books for purchase that are pertinent to their course of study. When the professors and instructors help build the library collection in their own area of teaching they use the library much more effectively, and see that their students use it.

Other librarians have been most generous in directing us to collections that contained duplicates that the holders agreed to share with us. Especially do I want to give credit and express appreciation to Mr. Cook at the University of North Carolina Library and Dr. Powell at Duke University Library for the help they have given in this area. Because of this kind of material the library has taken on a character that is seldom found in a new library. The goal of four thousand books could not have been reached in this length of time without the generosity of these librarians.

In 1957 the college librarian was given an opportunity to go to the Gift and Exchange Department of the Library of Congress to select books from some duplicate titles. Many volumes were obtained in this way, that entailed only the cost of a trip to Washington, D.C.

In November 1957 Mount Olive Junior College was scheduled to go before the North Carolina College Conference for approval. One of the requirements was four thousand (4,000) cataloged books. In the summer of 1957 this goal had not been reached, so the president, Mr. Burkette Raper, agreed to employ another librarian to help with the cataloging. Mrs. Ethel A. Rose, Librarian, Peace College, Raleigh, North Carolina, worked in this capacity most of the summer, and our goal was reached.

When the North Carolina College Conference met in November 1957, Mount Olive Junior College was approved for accreditation and assured that if it continued to operate under the present standards that in November, 1958, it would be fully accredited. Before the conference met the committee made a survey of the College and a favorable report was given to the library phase of the college. If I may get personal at this point I want to say that the sound library training I received at Appalachian State Teacher's College has stood a test that all graduates do not get an opportunity to experience, that is setting up a college library from the very start. Not only was I able to apply what I had

learned there, but my training has proven to be sufficient not only for public school work but the junior college field as well.

There is only one trained person on the library staff, and any other help consists of student assistants. Sometimes a student proves to be invaluable, as has been my experience in one case the student being Marie Barnett from Pantego, N.C. Much influence was exercised to direct her toward a career of librarianship, but so far "mission not accomplished." In other cases the students are just working that hour, which causes a hardship when there is only one person on the staff.

As a new library is set up the problems such as lack of funds, insufficient space, indecision as to policies to be used, indifference of some instructors, and inadequate help are at times unsurmountable, but when you ponder the full fledged support being obtained from the administration, the service being rendered to students, the zeal of some professors, and the overall challenge of starting a library "from scratch," there is untold satisfaction when someone who knows says "a job well done."

North Carolina Library Association Financial Report: January 9, 1956 – December 31, 1957

Balance Brought Forward, January 9, 1956	\$2,241.46
Received from:	
Membership Dues	\$2,742.50
Subscription to North Carolina Libraries and sale of separate issues	31.25
Sale of Recruitment Folders	4.14
Refunds	14.00
Sale of Exhibit Space at Biennial Conference	1,520.00
Registration and Meal Tickets at Biennial Conference	2,353.50
Total Receipts	\$6,665.39

Total Receipts and Balance Brought Forward	8,906.85
Total Disbursements	6,041.48
Total Balance	\$2,865.37
Investments:	
Scholarship Loan Fund (\$300.00 on Loan Outstanding)	2,522.85
Home Federal Savings and Loan Association, Greensboro, N.C.	2,162.28
Total Resources of the North Carolina Library Association	\$7,550.50

Signed: Marjorie Hood, Treasurer

Interlibrary Center at Chapel Hill

Report of the Cooperative Library Resources Committee

Hoyt Galvin, Chairman

The Cooperative Library Resources Committee is a new Committee for our Association. It is the outgrowth of an Interlibrary Loan Conference held in Winston-Salem on August 15–16, 1957. The original assignment was to investigate the expansion and utilization of union catalogs of North Carolina libraries, and to facilitate interlibrary loans among North Carolina college, public, school, special and university libraries.

The Committee first met as an informal group on October 4, 1957 at the University of North Carolina Library with Dr. Jerrold Orne and our President, O. V. Cook. After listening to the deliberations of the Committee, Mr. Cook appointed the group, together with additional appointees, as an official Committee of the North Carolina Library Association. This Committee appointment was approved by the Executive Board of the Association at a subsequent meeting of the Executive Board and was named the Cooperative Library Resources Committee.

At the October 4th Chapel Hill meeting, the following motion was adopted:

“That the Cooperative Library Resources Committee of the North Carolina Library Association recommend to the Library of the University of North Carolina, the North Carolina State Library, and public libraries of North Carolina that the North Carolina Union Catalog at the University Library be expanded with additional public, college and

special library holdings; and that direct line communication be initiated between the University Library and its Union Catalog and the State Library; and that the State Library be authorized to participate in the development of a cooperative Interlibrary Service Center to be located at the University Library to assist in reference and interlibrary loan work for public libraries and citizens of the State.”

The plan was approved in principle by the Administrative Board of the University Library on October 18, and was approved in principle by the State Library Board on November 14.

The possibility of foundation support for the project is being investigated.

On October 29, five representatives from the University Library and four from the State Library met to explore the details involved in establishing a cooperative project to facilitate interlibrary loan services, and to improve the library services of North Carolina through expanded union catalogs and direct wire communication. The program as now outlined includes:

1. The North Carolina Union Catalog at the University of North Carolina Library will be expanded with listings of significant holdings in other North Carolina libraries. The State Library will continue to build the union catalog of resources in other state agencies in Raleigh and the significant holdings in the public libraries. Duplicate cards will be supplied to the University Library's N.C. Union Catalog as desired.
2. Interlibrary loan services at the University Library will be brought together and those requests which properly lie within the operational sphere of the State Library will be relayed to the State Library. The State Library will relay to the University Library requests beyond its ability to serve.
3. Each library will handle such reference inquiries as may be considered basic, but those on a research level will be referred to the library which has the special materials to best handle the research.
4. A direct wire communication system will be installed between the State Library and University Library to provide prompt relay of requests for materials or services. Other libraries will be invited to tie in to this communication system.
5. Personnel for this cooperative project would come from present staffs of the University Library and State Library and be supplemented from a requested grant when expanded union catalog and communication system are activated.
6. Physical needs will be supplied by the University Library. Supplies and additional equipment may be included in the proposal for grant.

The plan has been approved in principle by the Administrative Board of the University Library, and by the State Library Board. It is now ready for gradual activation, and for such foundation support as we are able to secure. We solicit the approval of this Association.

November 21, 1957

Myrl Ebert, Elizabeth Hughey, Margaret Ligon, Jerrold Orne, Dorothy Shue, Clyde Smith, Hoyt Galvin (Chairman)

“A New Pattern of Service”

By Jerrold Orne

At the initiative of the North Carolina State Library, an Interlibrary Loan Conference was held at Winston-Salem in August of 1957. Out of this conference grew the conviction that there was a real need for improving, extending and promoting central bibliographic resources and the free movement of materials from libraries to users. These informal investigations led to another meeting at Chapel Hill where a formal committee was named, the Cooperative Library Resources Committee of the North Carolina Library Association. This meeting also led to the formulation of a program of action involving in very large measure the State Library, the State College, Duke University, the Woman's College and the University of North Carolina. Among the public libraries, Charlotte was naturally most heavily involved, with Asheville, Winston-Salem and many others also concerned. Obviously, the North Carolina State Library and the University of North Carolina are the two activities within which major activities and actions required attention.

The University of North Carolina Library has been building the North Carolina Union Catalog for over twenty years. At this time it contains approximately half a million cards representing fifteen major libraries. This Library has also had an Extension Department in operation for some fifty years, performing many functions that in other states have been the work of State library agencies. Whatever the past, it is evident that a vast potential for service exists in these two activities today.

The State Library, now combined with the resources of the State Library Commission, has fundamental responsibility for promoting library services throughout the state and has certain special functions which supplement all others. In some fields (e.g., genealogy, government) many unique items are found in this library. The State Library is in the process of entering in the record all of the library resources found in the state government offices in Raleigh; all of these will be centrally cataloged and entered in the records of the State Library. A number of public libraries in various parts of the state have entered into cooperative agreements with the State Library for the building of special subject field collections for State-wide interlibrary loan service. These collections will also be recorded in the catalogs at the State Library and are reported through it to the North Carolina Union Catalog.

The availability of all of these resources, the interest of the principal libraries of the State in promoting their use, and the attentions of the committee led to a formal statement prepared by Mr. Hoyt Galvin, of the Charlotte Public Library, in the form of a motion:

“That the Cooperative Library Resources Committee of the North Carolina Library Association recommend to the Library of the University of North Carolina, the North Carolina State Library, and public libraries of North Carolina that the North Carolina Union Catalog at the University Library be expanded with additional public, college and special library holdings; and that direct line communication be initiated between the University Library and its Union Catalog and the State Library; and that the State Library be authorized to participate in the development of a cooperative Interlibrary Service

Center to be located at the University Library to assist in reference and interlibrary loan work for the public libraries and citizens of the State.”

This initial impetus led to the presentation of the plan for an Interlibrary Center at the University of North Carolina to serve as a focus of operations toward the ends described above. The plan was presented to the Administrative Board of the University Library on October 17, 1957. It was discussed at length and approved in principle by a vote of the Board. A similar action took place at the meeting of the State Library Board on November 14. A week later, in the meeting of the North Carolina Library Association, the plan was presented at one of the general sessions of the Association, again by Mr. Hoyt Galvin, and the Association assembled approved his motion:

“That the North Carolina Library Association approve in principle the plans of the Cooperative Library Resources Committee, and that the Association endorse the actions of the Administrative Board of the University of North Carolina Library and the North Carolina State Library Board to activate plans for expanded union catalog services and improved reference and interlibrary loan services through a cooperative plan of the State Library and the University Library as outlined in the Report of the Cooperative Library Resources Committee.”

Planning for the Interlibrary Center went on steadily at the University of North Carolina Library, always in close cooperation with the staff of the State Library. Additional meetings of library personnel and others concerned with the proposed extended services led to development of the plan to the point where it is now already in operation.

The Interlibrary Center represents a bibliographic concentration designed to record and make available every item which may be needed anywhere in the State, together with the means of informing the potential user, with minimum delay, of its location and availability. The activities of the Center revolve about the North Carolina Union Catalog, and its quarters adjoin the catalog. Personnel formerly concerned with the Extension Department's activities and the interlibrary loan services of our University Library comprise its first staff. It is directed by Mr. I. T. Littleton, who will formulate its policies and practices and guide the development of the research and experimental areas which lie within the new function.

The State Library in Raleigh serves as the second pivot point for all services which lie in their particular areas of responsibility. It is expected that there will be a continuous flow of correspondence and messages between the State Library and the Interlibrary Center. Inquiries will be received and sorted at both points, to establish the ideal point of service. In every case the goal is to guide the inquirer swiftly and directly to the library activity which should properly handle this type of inquiry. Both the State Library and the University Library wish to enable every local library agency to perform to the maximum its responsibilities towards its particular public. Any inquiry received which should be handled locally will be redirected toward this end. Every effort will be made to assure the State Library of an opportunity to work together with local libraries and research libraries in the area of providing information that is beyond the level of the small public or county service. Each screening activity undertakes to be informed of the research capacities of every other cooperating library activity available and to direct inquiries specifically to a specific service area. Under this kind of system the academic research

potential of the major educational institutions of this state will be conserved by relieving them of the necessity of handling a multitude of simple and readily answered inquiries so that their entire energies can be given to dealing with the more difficult, highly technical or research problems which are winnowed out of the mass of commonplace inquiries.

Implicit in the development of this new concept of service is the possibility of discovering new devices or improved practices which will lead to greater economies of effort and better husbanding of resources within the State. Numerous and powerful research interests of the nation are earnestly seeking new devices or methods to assure absolute availability of all useful research types of information on a national scale. Our experiment on a State-wide scale may well serve as a proving ground for a larger enterprise. Rapid communications methods and devices which we may discover in the course of our operations may later serve as models to be applied in a national plan. Our experience in screening and grading levels of inquiry and the determination of the types of materials needed may be extremely important on a far broader range than we now know. Some of these national interests are currently producing experimental devices for swift communications and copy work which require a proving ground for testing. Our kind of operation may serve that purpose, as well as others, since this is a new concept of service and outspokenly seeks new means of furthering these services. It is most logical that it should serve also as a pilot project or experimental proving ground for such devices.

If this new concept of service had no other reason for being, the simple facts of political economy would require its establishment. With the exception of Duke University and the industrial libraries, every library concerned in this operation is supported by public funds, and those who administer these funds have the fundamental responsibility for wringing maximum value from them. Never before have so many public servants in this field felt the urgency for cooperative enterprise as we do today. It is no longer possible for us each to go our separate way at public expense. The volume of materials available within this state, the increased dispersal, through growth, of our resources to far corners of the State, and the growing pressure of need for research and technical information in all parts of North Carolina compel complete interdependability among us.

The Interlibrary Center has been activated and an effort has been made to reach every librarian in the State with policy and practice statements so as to avoid any misunderstanding. It is hoped that wherever an inquiry arises among our people, this activity will assure prompt and thorough reply.

Unpublished Masters' Theses

School of Library Science, University of North Carolina, 1953–1957

- Allman, Cora Margaret. Regional libraries in the Southeast. 1953.
- Ashley, Carrie Gene. Trends reflected in religious best sellers, 1946–1955. 1956.
- Babylon, Eugenia Ralston. History of the North Carolina Library Commission. 1954.

- Barnard, Walter Monroe. Characteristics of the literature cited by authors in the field of Library science. 1957.
- Bates, Nancy Pritchette. The history of the classification and cataloguing of maps as shown in printed book catalogues of sixteen United States libraries issued from 1827 through 1907. 1954.
- Bold, Frances Ann. A bibliographical study of "Scots wha hae" by Robert Burns. 1956.
- Boyd, Mary Guy. A study of the reading interests of the sixth grade students in the Chapel Hill elementary school. 1956.
- Bruner, Joyce Estella. The history of the University of Louisville libraries. 1953.
- Bull, Margaret G. Trends in book illustration as reflected in the English translations of Don Quixote. 1955.
- Capel, Elna Mae. Centralized cataloging in Georgia. 1956.
- Chapman, Emily Del Mar. Trends in Bible illustration during the 16th and 17th centuries. 1957.
- Cox, Ann McDonald. Study of trends in Spanish translations of fiction by U.S. authors based on titles listed in Index Translationum, 1932–1954. 1956.
- Cox, Charles Garland. Comparative study of the twenty books in the library poll of the Saturday Review, July 23, 1955. 1956.
- DeCharms, Elizabeth Graves. Annotated checklist of the illustrated incunabula in the Hanes Collection. 1957.
- Dendy, Emma Stribling. The utility of book jackets in subject cataloging. 1956.
- Diaz, Albert James. A history of the Latin American collection of the University of North Carolina library. 1956.
- Dober, Virginia Darlene. Analysis of the social life and customs of the Southern Appalachians as reflected in selected children's books. 1956.
- Driscoll, Eleanor Alice. State legislative journals for the period 1952–1953, a comparative analysis. 1956.
- Eaton, Joan Davis. History of the Hanes Collection of incunabula in the University of North Carolina Library. 1957.
- Farrior, Grace Betts. State Manuals. 1957.
- Georgi, Charlotte. Twenty-five years of Pulitzer prize novels, 1918–1943; a content analysis. 1956.
- Hall, Frances Hunt. Public printing in North Carolina, 1816–1861. 1956.
- Harris, Jean Marie. Study of trends in translation of sixteen selected Latin authors based on titles in the Index Translationum, 1932–40, 1948–56. 1957.
- Holder, Elizabeth Jerome. A history of the library of the Woman's College of the University of North Carolina, 1892–1945. 1955.

- Hughes, Mary Elizabeth. *The collected documents of the states of the United States: a comparative analysis of the form and content.* 1956.
- Jarrell, Penelope Hampton. *The development of the county library system in South Carolina from 1929 to 1943.* 1955.
- Johnson, Lucia Porcher. *A study of printed source materials on North Carolina during the American Revolution found in the libraries of the University of North Carolina and Duke University.* 1957.
- Johnston, Ethel Celeste. *A survey of methods of handling phonograph records in selected radio stations with consideration of the possible adoption of those methods by the school library.* 1954.
- Kennon, Mary Frances. *A survey of methods for handling pamphlets with consideration of the possible adoption of those methods by the school library.* 1954.
- Lanier, Gene Daniel. *The library and television: a study of the role of television in modern library service.* 1956.
- McAllister, Sarah Billopp. *A genealogical study of some of the more important printing families of the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries with casual reference to "family printers" of a later date.* 1957.
- Maybury, Catherine M. *An analysis of the book publications of the University of North Carolina Press, 1922–1952.* 1956.
- Montgomery, Beatrice. *A study in see also references.* 1957.
- Murphy, Sunshine Burchell. *The history of the Rockingham County library, 1930–1955.* 1956.
- Myron, Phyllis Eleanor Hoffmeyer. *A comparison of the grade placement given to selected books of children's fiction evaluated in Bulletin of the Children's Book Center, The Booklist, and Library Journal.* 1955.
- Nicholson, James M., Jr. *A history of the Wake Forest College library, 1878–1946.* 1954.
- Norwood, Mary Lowrie. *A survey of current library in-service training practices.* 1957.
- Parrott, Margaret Sangster. *A guide to the special resources and collections in southern college and university law libraries.* 1957.
- Peck, John Grove, Jr. *The music schedules of the decimal classification, a historical and critical study.* 1956.
- Ramsaur, Edmund George, Jr. *Evaluation of the Charles Dickens materials (in the William A. Whitaker collection of Charles Dickens and George Cruikshank in the University of North Carolina library).* 1955.
- Sleeth, Irene Lynn. *The main trends in the criticism of William Faulkner and his works, 1926–1956; including a bibliography of criticism of Faulkner.* 1957.

- Smith, Patricia Christine. The Tennessee Valley Authority and its influence in the development of regional libraries in the South. 1954.
 - Songer, Florence Hooten. Development of public school libraries in Georgia, 1890–1950. 1955.
 - Stone, Ruth Elaine. Student assistants in high school libraries. 1954.
 - Von Dohlen, Elizabeth Louise. A study and comparison of the biographies series of books for children. 1954.
 - Waugh, Doris Hanner. Reading and the gifted child. 1956.
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Charles E. Rush, 1885–1958

[Photograph: Portrait of Charles Everett Rush, seated at a desk and looking toward the camera. He appears to be in middle to later years of life.]

Charles Everett Rush, Librarian of the University of North Carolina from 1941 until his retirement in 1954, died in Chapel Hill on January 31, 1958. He was a graduate of Earlham College, did further work at Wisconsin, held a Bachelor of Library Science degree from New York State Library School, and received an honorary Master's degree from Yale and a doctorate from Earlham.

Mr. Rush was a former vice president of the American Association for Adult Education, and from 1934 to 1936 he was informal adviser on library service to the Carnegie Corporation. He held library positions in Indiana, Wisconsin, Connecticut (associate librarian, Yale University), and was director of the Cleveland, Ohio, Public Library immediately prior to coming to Chapel Hill.

It was during Mr. Rush's administration that the addition to the University of North Carolina Library was planned and constructed. Under his direction the Library's holdings increased from 403,051 volumes in 1941 to 662,978 volumes in 1954.

N.C.L.A. Honorary Members

Miss Susan G. Akers; The Hon. Graham A. Barden; Miss Marjorie Beal; Mrs. Minnie Blanton; †Mr. J. P. Breedlove; Mrs. Ethel T. Crittenden; Mr. R. D. Douglas; Miss Georgia H. Faison; Mr. Frank P. Graham; †Mrs. Lillian B. Griggs; Mr. Louis Round Wilson; Mrs. Nellie Rowe Jones; Mr. H. M. Lydenberg; Miss Annie F. Petty; Mrs. M. D. Phillips; †Mr. William T. Polk; Miss Katharine C. Ricks; †Mr. Charles E. Rush; Mr. Joseph Ruzicka; †Mr. Charles Whedbee; †Mr. J. Frank Wilkes.

†Deceased.

The President will be pleased to receive suggestions for additions to this list. Article III of the North Carolina Library Association Constitution provides that "On nomination of the Executive Board, persons who have rendered important service to the library

interests of the State, but who are not at the time actively engaged in library work in the State, may be elected honorary members by a majority vote of a mailed ballot.”

New Carolina Books

From time to time we will attempt under this heading to review books of North Carolina interest. Many books in this category, we feel, receive scant mention and inadequate reviews, if, indeed, they are reviewed at all in national publications.

Blackwell P. Robinson. *William R. Davie*. Chapel Hill: The University of North Carolina Press, 1957. 495 pp. \$6.00.

Many of the important and interesting details of North Carolina's varied history can never be recorded in the general works to which librarians naturally turn first when a patron presents a research problem in that field. Such valuable works as this new biography of Davie, however, help fill the gap between the raw sources and the survey histories. Its helpful bibliography and notes can direct the librarian and reader alike to further sources.

Davie first came to the turbulent country of the Waxhaws soon after the close of the French and Indian War, and he was just out of Princeton when the Revolution began. He plunged into the Partisan warfare of the Carolina Piedmont and as an officer led his men so successfully that contemporaries ranked him with Pickens, Sumter, and Marion.

He studied law in Salisbury under Spruce Macay, as did Andrew Jackson. In the young state's intense East-West sectionalism Davie's intimate knowledge of both regions gave him a distinct advantage. He belonged to the Piedmont, but when he married the daughter of the aristocratic Allen Jones and settled in Halifax to practice law, he became a part of the social and political life of Eastern Carolina.

Davie, at thirty, was one of the framers of the Federal Convention in Philadelphia and later fought valiantly against Willie Jones's states rights forces to bring about North Carolina's acceptance of the Constitution. The "Father of the University of North Carolina," he was chiefly responsible for its establishment, location, building, and endowment, for selecting its faculty, and planning its curriculum.

His constructive leadership for many years in the state legislature led to his election as governor in 1798, and the next year President John Adams sent him to France as a member of the peace commission. Upon his return, the political scene had changed, and his political fortunes with it. A Federalist in a thoroughly Democratic state, he was forced out of politics by the Jefferson-Macon machine.

This handsomely printed book is written in a very readable style. Adequate notes, a full bibliography, and a detailed index add to the usefulness of this new biography.

William P. Cumming. *The Southeast in Early Maps*. Princeton: Princeton University Press. 275 pp. \$12.50.

Davidson College Professor William P. Cumming gives us here the results of over twenty years spent in research on maps of the Southeast. It is both a descriptive bibliography and a study of the historical cartography of the region during the period of

exploration and settlement before the American Revolution. Dr. Cumming analyzes the manuscript and printed maps of the area, showing the expansion of geographical knowledge through the periods of discovery and colonization, and integrates these primary documents with the other reports and records of the period.

The general reader interested in the subject or the region will enjoy the Introductory Essay and will join the librarian in appreciating the clear and useful reproductions of nearly seventy maps of the region dating between 1507 and 1773. The List of Maps describes, locates, and discusses various aspects of 450 maps of the Southeast. A chronological title list of maps and an alphabetical short-title list complete the makeup of this very handsome publication.

John Parris. *My Mountains, My People*. Asheville: Citizen-Times Publishing Company, 1957. 259 pp. \$2.95.

This book is a heart-warming chunk of homespun memorabilia straight out of the hills of Western North Carolina. Here are unforgettable stories, legends, tall tales, and traditions of a many-storied mountain region and its down-to-earth people. With his genius for re-creating the past, John Parris breathes life into the folks and moments that have made Western North Carolina a land cherished and revered by those who dwell there or wish they did. The result is a magnificent collection of folklore and history never before brought together in one place, a book fashioned into a rich storehouse of good reading for the whole family, as welcome for reading aloud as for solitary browsing. It's the kind of book to pull off the shelf first when a newcomer asks for a book "to help me know North Carolina."

Bill Sharpe. *A New Geography of North Carolina*. Raleigh: Sharpe Publishing Company, 1958. Volume II, 1114 pp. \$5.00.

Sketches and pictures tell the story of twenty-five of North Carolina's counties in this volume. The first, which appeared in 1954, reported on twenty-one counties, and we are promised other volumes, appearing at intervals of about three years, to include the remaining counties. Maps, a summary of facts and statistics, pictures, and text combine to present readable and quick-reference reports on whole counties. Towns, rivers, lakes, and other geographical features also have a place. The index is made even more useful than usual by the inclusion of such general terms as Agriculture, Anecdotes, Industry, Names, Personalities, Schools, and the like, to bring together similar material from the different county sketches.

Emma Lila Fundaburk and Mary Douglass Foreman. *Sun Circles and Human Hands: The Southeastern Indians Art and Industry*. Luverne, Alabama: Published by Emma Lila Fundaburk, 1957. 232 pp. \$7.50.

Illustrated with hundreds of pictures, maps, drawings, and diagrams this book could well be the answer to many a library patron's prayer. It is essentially a picture book depicting the art, techniques of craftsmanship, and life of the Southeastern United States Indians. Beginning with stone tools made by Paleo-Indians some eight to fifteen thousand years ago, the book portrays, in sequence, the durable remains of the four major Southeastern culture periods: the Paleo, Archaic, Woodland, and Mississippi.

In addition, it includes a map of historic tribes, and describes the long-distance native trade which influenced their craftsmanship and culture. Several engravings of paintings made by sixteenth-century artists, including some made on Roanoke Island by John White, illustrate native life as observed by the first European colonists.

Artifacts pictured are from Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia, Florida, North and South Carolina, Virginia, and elsewhere. The book is handsomely printed and bound, and an extensive bibliography and index add to the usefulness of the volume.

Fred A. Olds. *An Abstract of North Carolina Wills, From About 1760 to About 1800*. Baltimore: Southern Book Company, 1954. 330 pp. \$10.00.

Worth S. Ray. *Colonial Granville County and Its People*. Baltimore: Southern Book Company, 1956. 128 pp. \$7.50.

Worth S. Ray. *Index and Digest to Hathaway's North Carolina Historical and Genealogical Register*. Baltimore: Southern Book Company, 1956. 192 pp. \$10.00.

These three titles, all reissues of earlier publications of other publishers, will find a cordial welcome in many libraries where replacement or additional copies are needed, but more especially in libraries where the original printings are not available. The first two are "musts" for the local history-genealogy section in which the third also has a place, but it really is more important than may at first seem evident.

The North Carolina Historical and Genealogical Register was published quarterly by James R. B. Hathaway at Edenton between January, 1900, and July, 1903. Each number consisted of approximately 150 pages filled with abstracts of early North Carolina public records, brief articles on various phases of colonial and early state history, a queries section, and other material. This Index and Digest is an invaluable key to the wealth of source material available in Hathaway's publication which deserves a place by the side of the Colonial and State Records of North Carolina and similar source books on our shelves.

Officers and Committees, North Carolina Library Association

Officers

- **President:** Mrs. Vernelle G. Palmer, Librarian, Boyden High School, Salisbury.
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 - **Director:** Mrs. Nell B. Wright, Branch Librarian, East Winston Branch Library, Winston-Salem.
 - **Past President:** O. V. Cook, University of North Carolina Library, Chapel Hill.
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Representatives from the North Carolina Library Association

- **American Library Association Council:** Harlan C. Brown, Librarian, North Carolina State College, Raleigh. Term expires 1959; alternate: the President.
 - **Joint Committee (with North Carolina English Teachers) of North Carolina Literature and Bibliography:** Grace S. Dalton, Librarian, Garner High School; Mildred C. Herring, Librarian, Greensboro Senior High School; Cornelia Love, Chapel Hill; Rosalie Massengale, University of North Carolina; William S. Powell, University of North Carolina; Mae Tucker, Public Library of Charlotte and Mecklenburg County.
 - **North Carolina Legislative Council:** Evelyn Bishop, Johnston County Public Library, Smithfield; Mrs. Ray N. Moore, Stanford L. Warren Public Library, Durham; Mrs. Vera Melton, Needham Broughton High School, Raleigh; The President.
 - **Public Library Certification Board:** Elizabeth Copeland, Sheppard Memorial Public Library, Greenville.
-

Committee Appointments

- **Archives:** Charlesanna Fox, Chairman, Randolph County Public Library, Asheboro; Elaine von Oesen, Extension Services Librarian, North Carolina State Library, Raleigh; Mrs. Hallie Bacelli, Supervisor, Guilford County School Libraries, Greensboro; Myrl Ebert, Chief Librarian, Division of Health Affairs, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill; Mrs. Leola Ross, Librarian, Winston-Salem Teachers College, Winston-Salem.
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- **Cooperative Library Resources Committee:** Hoyt R. Galvin, Chairman, Director of Libraries, Public Library of Charlotte and Mecklenburg County; Mrs.

Elizabeth H. Hughey, Librarian, North Carolina State Library, Raleigh; Mrs. Dorothy E. Shue, Librarian, Cumberland County Public Library, Fayetteville; Myrl Ebert, Chief Librarian, Division of Health Affairs, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill; Jerrold Orne, Librarian, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill; Margaret Ligon, Librarian, Pack Memorial Library, Asheville; Miss Clyde Smith, Librarian, Olivia Raney Library, Raleigh; I. T. Littleton, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill.

- **Education for Librarianship:** Elizabeth S. Walker, Chairman, East Carolina College Library, Greenville; Margaret Allman, School of Library Science, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill; Evelyn Parks, Librarian, May Memorial Library, Burlington; Charles M. Adams, Librarian, Woman's College of the University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill; Mrs. Mary D. Ring, Mecklenburg County School Libraries, Charlotte; Evelyn Pope, North Carolina College, Durham; Eunice Query, Appalachian State Teachers College, Boone.
- **Federal Relations:** Mrs. Louella Posey, Chairman, Librarian, Kinston Public Library; Elaine von Oesen, North Carolina State Library, Raleigh; Helen Stroupe, Lincolnton High School, Lincolnton; Benjamin F. Smith, Librarian, North Carolina College, Durham; Wendell Smiley, Librarian, East Carolina College, Greenville; Miss Clyde Smith, Librarian, Olivia Raney Library, Raleigh.